Overview

{NEWS}

*“Blah- Blah”*

***-Daily Observe-***

Cybercrime is a term used to broadly describe criminal activity in which computers or computer networks are a tool, a target, or a place of criminal activity and include everything from electronic cracking to denial of service attacks. It is also used to include traditional crimes in which computers or networks are used to enable the illicit activity. The Cybercrime can halt any railway where it is, it may misguide the planes on its flight by misguiding with wrong signals, it may cause any important military data to fall in the hands of foreign countries, and it may halt e-media and every system can collapse within a fraction of seconds. Cause of that we need a proper identification of law to frame those kinds of criminal activities. ICT speeded vast area, so proper coverage will worthy to safeguard the society. Sri Lanka is a still developing country. From every side, it still approaching the higher ground, I mean global advancement, also the ICT field. Petty cybercrimes are improved over past decade. Then we needed a proper identification of cybercrimes. Computer crime Act 2007 was a great start for that.

CYBER CRIMES

Cybercrime is a term used to broadly describe criminal activity in which computers or computer networks are a tool, a target, or a place of criminal activity and include everything from electronic cracking to denial of service attacks. Cybercriminals attack systems, or get access to confidential information and data from users. Therefore, they make use of a wide range of techniques.

ACT of SL

Points

Difference of the posts prescribed to operate investigations. [Experts and Police officers][sect 22]

No proper way to identify criminal’s intension [sect 6 – further ]

Hard to shape crimes overview[overall]

Thoroughly targeted on Computer Hardware….[under Investigations – collecting evidences and seize]